MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1) Which modern perspective focuses on how people reason, remember, understand language, and solve problems?
   A) The psychodynamic perspective  
   B) The learning perspective  
   C) The cognitive perspective  
   D) The sociocultural perspective  

2) In order to break behavior into its basic elements, ________ developed the method of _______, in which individuals carefully observed, analyzed, and described their own sensations, mental images, and emotions.
   A) Wilhelm Wundt; functionalism  
   B) William James; functionalism  
   C) Wilhelm Wundt; introspection  
   D) William James; introspection  

3) A researcher plans to investigate whether a cup of hot milk at night helps people relax so that they fall asleep quickly. In this study,
   A) the control group consists of the individuals drinking hot milk at bedtime.
   B) the independent variable is the amount of time it takes the person to fall asleep.
   C) the independent variable is the hot milk at bedtime.
   D) experimenter effects will occur unless the researcher improves the hypothesis.

4) Mark is angry when the teacher blames him for misbehaving when it actually was the child behind him who had been acting up. As he leaves after school, he shoves another boy who gets in his way. Freud would say that Mark is unconsciously using the defense mechanism of:
   A) displacement.  
   B) projection.  
   C) repression.  
   D) denial.

5) ________ is an estimate of the proportion of the total variance in some trait among individuals within a group that is attributable to genetic differences.
   A) Congruence  
   B) Reciprocal determinism  
   C) Heritability  
   D) Factor analysis

6) In psychoanalysis, the psychic energy that fuels sexuality and life instincts is called the:
   A) ego.  
   B) superego.  
   C) id.  
   D) libido.

7) In what age group does the challenge of generativity vs. stagnation occur?
   A) Adolescence  
   B) Late adulthood  
   C) Young adulthood  
   D) Middle adulthood
8) Peter is 10 months old. He likes to touch, put things in his mouth, suck, and grasp. In addition Peter is beginning to understand that his toys still exist even though they are in his toy box. Peter is in Piaget's:
   A) preoperational stage.              B) formal operations stage.
   C) concrete operations stage.        D) sensorimotor stage.

9) Margaret and Harry Harlow demonstrated the importance of _______ in their experiments with the rhesus monkeys.
   A) contact comfort
   B) food access
   C) safety
   D) proximity control

10) Ruth's parents use power assertion as their method of discipline. Ruth is most likely to
    A) confess rather than lie when she misbehaves.
    B) have reduced empathy for others and behave more aggressively.
    C) develop a strong sense of moral feelings.
    D) be impulsive, unmotivated, and irresponsible.